



Who are we?

At Lace Hill Academy we follow a music programme called Kapow to support the teaching and learning of music. In Years 4, 5 and 6, all children learn to play a musical instrument for a term with a specialist music teacher. Within our school, we have class sets of recorders and glockenspiels as well as a selection of percussion instruments. Kapow also offers lessons for children to learn and play instruments. Children have weekly music lessons where they are taught the fundamentals of music such as notes, rhythm and the beat.

Parents encourage their children to be musical and we have a music teacher who comes in to provide private music lessons in guitar, piano and singing. We also have a KS2 choir group which children have the opportunity to join every year. This leads to them performing at the Young Voices concert in Birmingham.

To further celebrate music, we have weekly music assemblies. We also have daily music within the classroom as the children enter, which exposes the children to a wide genre of music. This includes genres from classical to rap, rock to jazz. Listening to the different music each week will allow the children to build upon what is being taught in their music lessons as well as develop an appreciation for all music types.

As well as discrete music lessons, music may also be used daily to:

- greet children as they enter the classroom
- set mood and tone and support pupils focus during independent learning activities.
- support daily routines e.g tidying up cues, entering and exit school assemblies.
- support the teaching of movement through dance in P.E lessons.

What do we need to know? Why?

The power of music

Music is all around us. It is the soundtrack to our lives. Music connects us through people and places in our ever-changing world. It is creative, collaborative, celebratory and challenging. In our schools, music can bring communities together through the shared endeavour of whole-school singing, ensemble playing, experimenting with the creative process and, through the love of listening to friends and fellow pupils, performing. The sheer joy of music making can feed the soul of a school community, enriching each student while strengthening the shared bonds of support and trust which make a great school.

At Lace Hill we believe Music is a practical, creative subject through which children can develop their imagination, the ability to listen attentively and the ability to express personal thoughts and feelings. The aims of studying Music in our school are for children to:

- Build a sense of community through singing and performing together.
- Celebrate both individual and collective achievements.
- Understand the importance of technology within a musical context to explore and understand how music is created, produced and communicated globally.
- Develop an awareness and appreciation for a range of genres, styles and traditions through studying works from great historical composers and musicians.
- Acquire the skills to enable children to express their ideas, thoughts and feelings through music including dance and movement.
- Develop an understanding of the inter-related dimensions in music: pitch, duration, dynamics, tempo, timbre, texture, structure and notation.
- Develop their musical vocabulary.





What do we need to experience? Why?	
When a child leaves our school they will	I am a Lace Hill musician because
 Be a confident person Be an independent thinker and self-starter Empathise with others Have an inquisitive mind Take risks with their learning Bounce back and move forward when faced with a challenge Be proactive and innovative Have a sense of belonging 	 I can identify musical notes I enjoy a variety of genres of music and can identify the different styles I feel confident to explore and play musical instruments including body percussion I can find and keep a steady pulse I can listen and copy rhythmic patterns I can take part in a performance in front of an audience I can express myself through music I can discuss a piece of music and its different elements
Substantive Concepts	Disciplinary Concepts
 Performing Listening Components History of music Interrelated dimensions of music 	respond I am learning to this lime describe

LHA Music Journey (Progression)									
	Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
Units covered	Nativity	Musical vocabulary	Myths & Legends	Developing singing	Brass lessons	Brass Lessons	Brass lessons		
	Exploring sound	Nativity	West African- Call and	technique.	Changes in pitch and	Songs of WW2.	Advanced rhythms		
	Movement and Music	Pulse and Rhythm	Response	Jazz	tempo and dynamics	Compositions to	Theme and variation		
	Musical stories	Classical music,	Dynamics, Timbre,	Pentatonic melodies	(Rivers)	represent the festivals	(pop music)		
	Big Band	dynamics, and tempo	Tempo and Motifs.	and composition.	Rock and Roll	of colour.	Film music		
		Timbre and rhythmic	Musical Me	Ballads	Composition and	Looping and remixing	Composing and		
		patterns,	On this island- British		notation	Blues	performing a leavers		
			songs and sounds.		(Egyptians)		song.		





	Pitch and tempo (Superheroes)	stral instruments. Creating compositions in response to an animation. Adapting and transposing motifs (Romans)	Body and tuned percussion.
Trips/Visits	Milton Pantor	n Keynes Young Voices mime Milton Keynes Pantomim	ne
Disciplinary Concepts	 Composing Responding Practising Describing Performing 		
Substantive Concepts	 Performing Listening Components History of music Interrelated dimensions of music (see listening strategy) 	and on progression of skills)	

LHA Music Journey (Progression in Knowledge and Skills)								
Listening	Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	
	Responding to music	Recognising and	Recognising timbre	Discussing the stylistic	Recognising the use	Recognising and	Discussing musical eras	
	with movement,	understanding the	changes in music they	features of different	and development of	confidently discussing	in context, identifying	
	altering it to reflect the	difference between	listen to.	genres, styles and	motifs in music.	the stylistic features of	how they have	
	tempo, dynamics or	pulse and rhythm.		traditions of music		different genres, styles	influenced each other,	
	pitch of the music.		Recognising structural	using musical	Identifying gradual	and traditions of music	and discussing the	
		Understanding that	features in music they	vocabulary.	dynamic and tempo	using musical	impact of different	
	Exploring lyrics by	different types of	listen to.		changes within a piece	vocabulary. (South	composers on the	
	suggesting appropriate	sounds are called		Understanding that	of music.	African, West African,	development of	
	actions.	timbres.	Listening to and	music from different		Musical, Theatre, Blues,	musical styles.	
			recognising	parts of the world, and	Recognising and	Dance Remix.).		
	Exploring the story	Recognising basic	instrumentation.	different times, has	discussing the stylistic		Recognising and	
	behind the lyrics or	tempo, dynamic and		different features.	features of different	Representing the	confidently discussing	
	music.	pitch changes	Beginning to use		genres, styles and	features of a piece of	the stylistic features of	
		Describing the	musical vocabulary to	Recognising and	traditions of music	music using graphic	music and relating it to	
	Listening to and	character, mood, or	describe music.	explaining the changes	using musical	notation, and colours,		
	following a beat using	'story' of music they		within a piece of music	vocabulary.	justifying		





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	body percussion and	listen to (verbally or	Identifying melodies	using musical		their choices with	other aspects of the
	instruments.	through movement)	that move in steps.	vocabulary.	Identifying common	reference to musical	Arts (Pop art, Film
					features between	vocabulary.	music).
	Considering whether a	Describing the	Listening to and	Describing the timbre,	different genres, styles		
	piece of music has a	differences between	repeating a short,	dynamic, and textural	and traditions of music.	Comparing, discussing	Representing changes
	fast, moderate or slow	two pieces of music.	simple melody by ear.	details of a piece of		and evaluating music	in pitch, dynamics and
	tempo.	Expressing a basic		music, both verbally,	Recognising, naming	using detailed musical	texture using graphic
		opinion about music	Suggesting	and through	and explaining the	vocabulary.	notation, justifying
	Listening to sounds and	(like/dislike)	improvements to their	movement.	effect of the		their choices with
	matching to the object		own and others' work		interrelated	Developing confidence	reference to musical
	or instrument.	Listening to and		Beginning to show an	dimensions of music.	in using detailed	vocabulary.
		repeating short, simple		awareness of metre.		musical vocabulary	
	Listening to sounds and	rhythmic patterns.			Identifying scaled	(related to the	Identifying the way that
	identifying high and	, ,		Beginning to use	dynamics (crescendo/	inter-related	features of a song can
	low pitch.	Listening and		musical vocabulary	decrescendo) within a	dimensions of music) to	complement one
		responding to other		(related to the inter-	piece of music.	discuss	another to create a
	Listening to and	performers by playing		dimensions of music)		and evaluate their own	coherent
	repeating a simple	as part of a group.		when discussing	Using musical	and others' work.	overall effect.
	rhythm.			improvements to their	vocabulary to discuss		l
				own and others' work.	the purpose of a piece		Use musical vocabulary
	Listening to and				of music.		correctly when
	repeating simple lyrics.						describing and
					Using musical		evaluating the features
	Understanding that				vocabulary when		of a piece of music.
	different instruments				discussing improvements to their		Evaluating how the
	make different sounds				own and others' work.		venue, occasion and
	and grouping them				own and others work.		purpose affects the
	accordingly.						way a piece of music
							sounds.
							sourius.
							Confidently using
							detailed musical
							vocabulary (related to
							the inter-related
							dimensions of music) to
							discuss and evaluate
							their own and others
							work.
							WOIN.
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	Playing untuned	Selecting and creating	Selecting and creating	Composing a piece of	Composing a coherent	Composing a detailed	Improvising coherently
	percussion 'in time'	short sequences of	longer sequences of	music in a given style	piece of music in a	piece of music from a	and creatively within a
	with a piece of music.	sound with voices or	appropriate sounds	with voices and	given style with voices,	given stimulus with	given style,
		instruments to	with voices or	instruments.	bodies and	voices, bodies and	incorporating given
	Composing.	represent a given idea	instruments to		instruments.	instruments (Remix,	features.
		or character.	represent a given idea	Combining melodies		Colours, Stories,	
	Selecting classroom		or character.	and rhythms to	Beginning to improvise	Drama).	Composing a multi-
	objects to use as	Combining		compose a multi-	musically within a given		layered piece of music
	instruments.	instrumental and vocal	Successfully combining	layered composition in	style.	Improvising coherently	from a given stimulus
		sounds within a given	and layering several	a given style		within a given style.	with voices, bodies and
	Experimenting with	structure.	instrumental and vocal	(pentatonic).	Developing melodies		instruments.
	body percussion and		patterns within a given		using rhythmic	Combining rhythmic	
	vocal sounds to	Creating simple	structure.	Using letter name and	variation, transposition,	patterns (ostinato) into	Composing an original
	respond to music.	melodies using a few		rhythmic notation	inversion, and looping.	a multi-layered	song, incorporating
		notes.	Creating simple	(graphic or staff), and		composition using all	lyric writing, melody
	Selecting appropriate		melodies from five or	key musical vocabulary	Creating a piece of	the inter-related	writing and the
	instruments to	Choosing dynamics,	more notes.	to label and record	music with at least four	dimensions of music to	composition of
	represent action and	tempo and timbre for a		their compositions.	different layers and a	add musical interest.	accompanying features,
	mood.	piece of music.	Choosing appropriate		clear structure.		within a given
			dynamics, tempo and	Suggesting and		Using staff notation to	structure.
	Experimenting with	Creating a simple	timbre for a piece of	implementing	Using letter name,	record rhythms and	5
	playing instruments in	graphic score to	music.	improvements to their	graphic and rhythmic	melodies.	Developing melodies
	different ways.	represent a		own work, using	notation and musical	Calaatina diaawaaina	using rhythmic
		composition	Using letter name and	musical vocabulary.	vocabulary to label and	Selecting, discussing	variation, transposition
			graphic notation to		record their	and refining musical	and changes in
			represent the details of		compositions.	choices both alone and	dynamics, pitch and
			their composition.			with others, using musical vocabulary	texture.
					Suggesting	with confidence.	Pocarding own
			Beginning to suggest		improvements to	with confidence.	Recording own composition using
			improvements to their		others work, using	Suggesting and	appropriate
			own work.		musical vocabulary.	demonstrating	forms of notation
						improvements	and/or technology and
						to own and others'	incorporating.
						work.	micorporating.
						WOIK.	Constructively critique
							their own and others'
							work, using musical
							vocabulary.
							vocabalary.





Performing	Early Years	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Using their voices to	Using their voices	Using their voices	Singing songs in a	Singing longer songs in	Singing songs in two or	Singing songs in two or
	join in with well-known	expressively to speak	expressively when	variety of musical styles	a variety of musical	more parts, in a variety	more secure parts
	songs from memory.	and chant.	singing, including the	with accuracy and	styles from memory,	of musical styles from	from memory, with
			use of basic dynamics	control, demonstrating	with accuracy, control,	memory, with	accuracy, fluency,
	Remembering and	Singing short songs	(loud and quiet).	developing vocal	fluency and a	accuracy, fluency,	control
	maintaining their role	from memory,		technique.	developing sense of	control and expression.	and expression.
	within a group	maintaining the overall	Singing short songs		expression including		
	performance.	shape of the melody	from memory, with	Singing and playing in	control of subtle	Working as a group to	Working as a group to
		and keeping in time.	melodic and rhythmic	time with peers, with	dynamic changes.	perform a piece of	perform a piece of
	Moving to music with		accuracy.	some degree of		music, adjusting	music, adjusting the
	instruction to perform	Maintaining the pulse		accuracy and	Singing and playing in	dynamics and pitch	interrelated dimensions
	actions.	(playing on the beat)	Copying longer	awareness of their part	time with peers with	according to a graphic	of music as required,
		using hands, and tuned	rhythmic patterns on	in the group	accuracy and	score, keeping in time	keeping in time with
	Participating in	and untuned	untuned percussion	performance.	awareness of their part	with others	others and
	performances to a	instruments.	instruments, keeping a		in the group	and communicating	communicating with
	small audience.		steady pulse.	Performing from basic	performance.	with the group.	the group.
	Copying back short	Copying back short		staff notation,			
	Stopping and starting	rhythmic and melodic	Performing	incorporating rhythm	Playing melody parts	Performing with	Performing a solo or
	playing at the right	phrases on percussion	expressively using	and pitch and able to	on tuned instruments	accuracy and fluency	taking a leadership role
	time	instruments.	dynamics and timbre to	identify these symbols	with accuracy and	from graphic and	within a performance.
			alter sounds as	using musical	control and developing	simple staff notation.	Danifarmatica a cuitate
		Responding to simple	appropriate.	terminology.	instrumental		Performing with
		musical instructions			technique.	Playing a simple chord	accuracy and fluency
		such as tempo and	Singing back short			progression with	from graphic and staff
		dynamic changes as	melodic patterns by ear		Playing syncopated	accuracy and fluency.	notation and from their
		part of a class	and playing short		rhythms with accuracy,		own notation.
		performance.	melodic patterns from		control and fluency		Dorforming by
			letter notation.				Performing by
		Performing from					following a conductor's cues and directions.
		graphic notation.					cues and unections.